

ARIZONA SILVER BELT.

VOL. II.

GLOBE, ARIZONA, FRIDAY, AUGUST 1, 1879.

NO. 10.

PINAL SAW MILL.

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Eight miles south of Globe, Arizona.

M. W. BREMEN,

PROPRIETOR.

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Lumber,

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Special rates with owners of mines for

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—OS—

Main Street, Globe, Arizona.

Beer will only be sold by the drink, bottle or quart.

The best will be provided, and the

LUNCH

will be such as to suit all parties. Give me a call.

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A buggy, double harness, and a pair of horses or buggy and harness alone. For particulars inquire of **WM. T. KEELER.**

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Stocks bought, sold, and carried on margin. Liberal cash advances on active accounts. Money to loan in large or small amounts on stocks. Money invested for parties at a distance. Will incorporate mines. Correspondence solicited. 24

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Practical Baker and

Pastry Cook,

Main Street, Globe, Arizona.

Bread, Pie and Cakes supplied at all times at reasonable rates. Give me a call.

Globe and Silver City Express.

Having purchased the above line, I am now prepared to carry

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with dispatch at reasonable rate.

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Main Street, Globe, Arizona.

All kinds of blacksmithing done in the best style at the shortest notice.

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Carriages, Wagons, Guns, Pistols, and Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly for cash.

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LAS CURCES, - - - NEW MEXICO

This well known house is thoroughly refitted and furnished for the traveling public, and is the only first class hotel in the Mesilla Valley. Excellent stables and corrals belong to the premises.

George A. Newton,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

Postoffice Building, Globe, Arizona

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Sewing Machine Fixtures and Needles.

Pistols, Guns and Pistols repaired.

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Assayer,

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G. H. OURY,

Attorney at Law,

Florence, Arizona.

CHARLES D. STUART,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Searcher of Records, and Conveyancer.

Florence, : : : : Arizona.

O. M. BROWN,

Attorney at Law.

Will practice in the Courts of the Territory.

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HILLS VAN WAGENEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

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Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care and will practice in all Courts in the Territory.

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GLOBE CITY

Late Surgeon U. S. Navy.

JULIUS W. VANSLYCK,

Attorney at Law,

McMillen, Maricopa Co., Arizona.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Territory.

A. G. PENDLETON,

Civil Engineer and County Surveyor

of Pinal County,

U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyor.

Office at Justice Swasey's News Depot, Main Street, Globe, Arizona.

P. B. MILLER,

Justice of the Peace and Notary

Public, Globe, Pinal County,

Arizona.

Acknowledgments taken, Deeds, Mortgages, Leases and other instruments of writing drawn with care. Collections promptly attended to.

Office—One door south of Pioneer Drug Store.

G. A. SWASEY,

Justice of the Peace, Notary Public,

—AND—

Commissioner of Deeds for all the

Pacific States and Territories,

Globe, Arizona.

Offers his services to buyers and sellers of mines, and to locators and owners who wish to procure patents to their claims; also to those wanting deeds, contracts, liens, powers of attorney, notes, bills, letters, or instruments of any kind in writing; and for the verification of oaths and affirmations, and taking of acknowledgments. He will always be found in his office at the Pioneer News Depot, on Main street.

Mrs. Mary A. Wight,

Globe City, Arizona.

Is prepared to do all kind of hand or

Machine Sewing.

Dresses made and Patterns cut by the Latest Improved System.

Strong, substantial buck-skin gloves made to order, and an ample supply kept constantly on hand. Mrs. Wight especially solicits the patronage of the public.

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Work in the above lines done in first class style at reasonable prices.

Wanted.

The undersigned is desirous of purchasing STOCK CATTLE.

JOHN KENNEDY.

Notice.

To Mine Owners and Secretaries of Mining Companies:

The ARIZONA SILVER BELT is the only newspaper printed in Pinal County, therefore the nearest newspaper to all mines in said county and Globe District.

Educate the Indians.

As this is an age of progress, great advancement being made in the sciences, arts, popular education, morality, and indeed in all things pertaining to the amelioration of man's condition. Vast sums of money are expended in the endowment of institutions of learning, asylums for the deaf and dumb, blind, orphans &c. to say nothing of houses of corrections and kindred institutions which prevail in the States. Millions of dollars are spent annually in establishing schools and supporting them in foreign (heathen) lands, and in sending them the Gospel. Now, we are ever ready to favor these laudable enterprises, at the same time recollecting that "charity begins at home" and that our first and highest duties in the hire of charity, disinterestedness, and humanity begin at home, we think it not amiss to invite the attention of philanthropists and the general public to a home interest, one that lies very near the heart of every citizen of Arizona, to-wit: The lack of facilities for the most superficial education amongst the Indians at the San Carlos Agency. No school of any kind ever having an existence there.

As matters now are, and likely to remain for years to come, these Indians constitute an important factor amongst us. Thousands of men, women and children, are compelled to come into contact with this people, numbering about 4,500 souls, and that this association cannot in the nature of the case be of an elevating character, either as regards industry or morals, must be patent to every candid mind. Some of the aged, and intelligent Indians among them seeing the barrier that exists between them and civilized people, are calling for schools. They demand facilities for the education of their children, that they may be elevated, and fitted to rank among their hitherto more favored neighbors in the pursuit of honest industry and happiness. We are told that Congress voted an appropriation of \$3000 to aid in this enterprise. Are they capable and teachable? For a reply, we answer affirmatively, and refer to Inspector General Hammond, at San Carlos, Judge Hackney, Editor SILVER BELT, Globe City, and other citizens. Now what educational society or church will take hold of this matter? Many of our citizens are wide awake as to the importance of this matter, but the means are lacking. Ample provisions have been made for other tribes, and the relation existing between the government and the Apache are such as to demand a favorable response to this plea.

The Maine Historical society at its recent annual meeting adopted a resolution in favor of building a monument to Christopher Columbus in the city of San Domingo, as a testimonial of the respect and gratitude in which the governments of North America hold the memory of that illustrious navigator for having discovered them. This sudden burst of monumental fervor, like various other aberrations and eccentricities peculiar to the season, is doubtless the result of an abnormally hot temperature.

The Central Pacific railroad uses a band car with three wheels for one person. Weight of car 100 pounds, propelled by hand or foot. Speed about 18 miles per hour.

The railroad tunnel through the Raton mountain is about completed. On the 7th, daylight shone through.

Yellow Fever.

Nineteen new cases of yellow fever reported on the 23rd, at Memphis. Fever gradually spreading.

Every station along the Mississippi and Tennessee railway between Memphis and Grenada have quarantined against Memphis.

The yellow fever excitement prevails in New York.

Fifteen cases have been reported at quarantine in the harbor, and one fatal case at Brooklyn, and one in Hoboken.

Memphis has established a large hospital camp seven miles from the city.

Louisville, Ky., reports two cases. One of them fatal.

Rome, Ga., has established quarantine against Memphis.

The Superintendent of mails at St. Louis, telegraphed the Post Office Department that the Postmaster of that city refused to receive mails from infected districts, and asking for instructions. The following reply was sent:

"By direction of the Postmaster-General, you will deliver all mails that cannot be forwarded to their destination on account of quarantine regulations to the Postmaster at St. Louis, who will be held responsible therefor."

Yellow fever has broken out at Tampico, Mexico.

The noted outlaw, Doc. Middleton and his gang of horse thieves have been operating extensively in north-western Nebraska, raiding cattle herds and running off Indian ponies. They have been the terror of the frontier, and have bulldozed settlers into becoming their friends and protectors, through fear. W. H. H. Llewellyn, a detective of Omaha, has been on his track for sometime, determined to capture or kill him, having a Government commission to ferret out horse thieves who steal from Indians. According to a special dispatch from Grand Island, Llewellyn and his assistants, Hazen and another, ran into Middleton and four associates near the Niobrara river, 140 miles north of the Union Pacific Railroad, and a severe fight ensued, in which Hazen was seriously, and probably fatally, wounded in three places. Another detective fled and reached Columbus, on the Union Pacific, while Llewellyn started off for a detachment of soldiers forty miles distant, intending to return and renew the attempt at capture. Middleton was so dangerously wounded that he sank to the ground and could not be removed. His men gathered around him, and others of his numerous friends rallied to his protection. The fight was a sharp one.

The frequent killing of convicts by guards at camps east of the city has aroused our citizens to great indignation. Last week the Coroner's jury held inquest over bodies of two convicts. After hearing testimony the man who did the shooting was arrested and full examination made, when he was held to bail, and in default of bond he went to jail. Again, yesterday, five convicts escaped and the guards pursued them with bloodhounds. Coming up with one, he struck the dog with a club, when the guards fired upon and killed him. He was standing perfectly still and could have been recaptured without violence. These guards have left twenty-three graves at one place and eight at another. This thing is becoming unbearable and demands immediate investigation by the proper authorities. The citizens are making a test case of the one mentioned, and if nothing is done will forbid their working in the county.—Galveston News.

The New Jersey Supreme Court has affirmed the death sentence pronounced against Mrs. Smith and Cove Bennett for the murder of the former's husband at Jersey City. What became of the money raised to procure a reversal?

The Northern Army in the Rebellion.

A statement has been issued by the war department giving the number of men furnished the Union army by each State and Territory and the District of Columbia from April 15, 1861, to the close of the war of the rebellion. It shows that the total number of volunteers was 2,678,967, distributed as follows: Maine, 72,114; New Hampshire, 366,295; Vermont, 85,262; Massachusetts, 152,048; Rhode Island, 23,699; Connecticut, 57,379; New York, 467,047; New Jersey, 81,010; Pennsylvania, 366,107; Delaware, 13,670; Maryland, 59,316; West Virginia, 32,968; District of Columbia, 16,872; Ohio, 319,659; Indiana, 197,147; Illinois, 259,147; Michigan, 89,372; Wisconsin, 96,424; Minnesota, 25,052; Iowa, 76,309; Missouri, 169,111; Kentucky, 79,025; Kansas, 20,151; Tennessee, 31,092; Arkansas, 8,289; North Carolina, 3,156; California, 15,725; Nevada, 1,080; Oregon, 1,810; Washington Territory, 964; Nebraska Territory, 3,157; Colorado Territory, 4,903; Dakota Territory, 206; New Mexico Territory, 6,561; Alabama, 2,576; Florida, 1,290; Louisiana, 8,224; Mississippi, 545; Texas, 1,963, and the Indian nation, 55,030. The troops furnished by Southern States were with the exception of those of Louisiana, nearly all white. Florida furnished two regiments of cavalry, Alabama one white regiment, Mississippi one battalion, and North Carolina two regiments of cavalry.—Associated Press Report.

The Democracy feel happy over the result of the extra session. They claim to have accomplished seven important results: First, limiting the power of the President to use the military at the polls; second, the repeal of the test oath; third, changing the method of drawing jurors in the United States Courts; fourth, the nullification of the law authorizing the appointment of deputy marshals at elections; fifth, creation of the Mississippi river commission, which is the beginning of a grand scheme of improvement of that river; sixth, removal of duty on quinine; seventh, appointment of a yellow fever commission. All of these results have been accomplished, and they include everything of importance that has been done this session.

Mrs. Grant has sent an invitation to the Princess Louise of the Dominion, by the hand of Tecumseh Sherman, to visit her in Washington next winter.

The Princess no doubt was highly gratified by the invitation and, doubtless will visit Mrs. Grant and take her knitting with her.

The Washington Sentinel, a weekly newspaper at the federal capital, is edited by Louis Schade and backed up by the treasury department. Schade is the man who undertook the defence of Capt. Wirz of the Andersonville prison. He is now supporting Charles Foster for governor of Ohio and John Sherman for president of the United States.

Price Hickey and Frank Mahew, charged with robbing the stage below Phoenix on the night of the 11th, after a protracted hearing, were held to answer. The testimony against them was such as to warrant a belief in their conviction. Twenty-five thousand dollars in checks have been recovered.

Col. Tom Buford, the assassin of Judge Elliott of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky, has been sentenced to the penitentiary for life.

Frank Hobbs, confined in the Quincy, Ill., jail for raping Mrs. Ferguson was lynched.

The Yuma Sentinel reports large lots of supplies going forward for the San Carlos Agency.

Memphis, July 15th, had fifteen new cases of yellow fever.